NYS Information Security Breach and Notification Act  

What types of information are covered by the law?

Computerized personal information that contains a combination of name, Social Security number, driver's license number, account number, or credit and debit card number.

When is the law triggered?

When a person has acquired computerized data containing personal information without valid authorization.

How does my business determine that information has been acquired without valid authorization?

Your business should look for any one of the following: (1) that information is in the physical possession and control of an unauthorized person such as a lost or stolen computer or other device; (2) evidence of unauthorized download or copied information; (3) evidence of unauthorized use of the information.

Good faith acquisition of personal information for a business purpose does not trigger provision of the law so long as the information is not used or subject to unauthorized disclosure.

When does my business need to disclose a data breach?

The disclosure must be made in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay upon determination of a data breach. However, law enforcement may require that you delay notification of a data breach if they believe that its disclosure will impede a criminal investigation.

How does my business disclose that there has been a data breach to New York residents?

Notification can be made by any one of the following methods: written, electronic (but only with consent of the person you are notifying) or by telephone.

A business could also use substitute notice, if it can demonstrate to the New York State Attorney General that the cost of providing notice would exceed $250,000 or that the affected class of people to be notified exceeds 500,000 persons. You may also use substitute notice if you do not have sufficient contact information for those who have been affected.

Substitute notice consists of all of the following: e-mail, conspicuous posting on your website, and notification to major statewide media.

(Continued)
What information must be contained in the notice to New York residents?

Notice shall contain a description of the types of information believed to have been acquired by a person without valid authorization and your contact information so that affected New York State residents may contact you about the data breach.

When does my business need to notify the credit reporting agencies?

If there are more than 5,000 New York residents affected by the security breach at one time, your business must also notify consumer reporting agencies as to the timing, content and distribution of the notices.

Which New York State entities need to be informed?

If New York residents are affected, then your business is required to inform:

1. The New York State Office of the Attorney General;
2. New York State Division of State Police; and,
3. The New York Department of State's Division of Consumer Protection.

To download the NYS Information Security Breach and Notification Act Reporting form, please visit: https://its.ny.gov/eiso/breach-notification